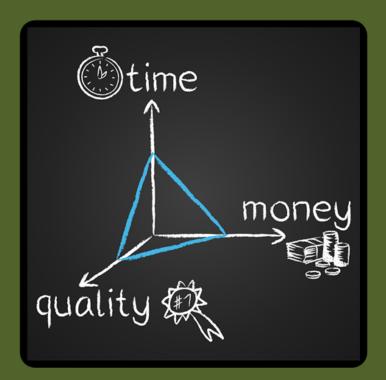
New Threats

Motivation: What are the new threats?

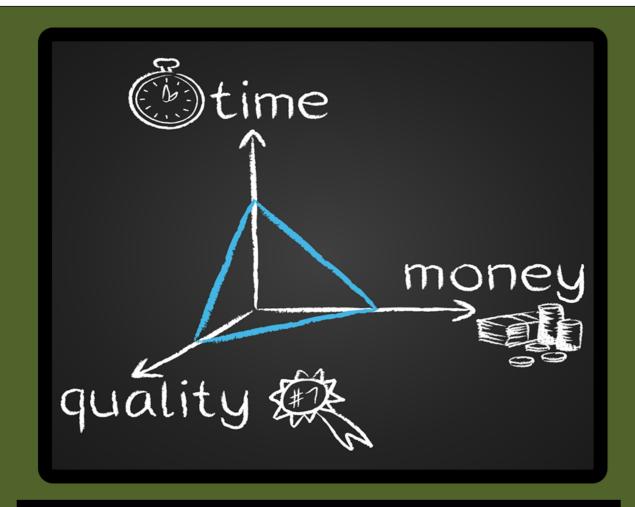
- Risks.
- Hacktivism.
- Denial-of-Service and Botnets.
- Social Networks and Open Source
- Cloud.



Prof Bill Buchanan,

Edinburgh Napier University

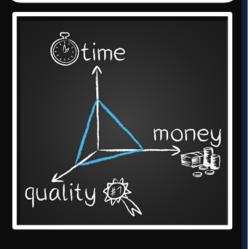
New Threat



Risk

Understanding it ... and communicating

Understanding Risk

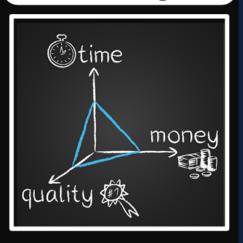


What is ... a threat ... a risk ... a vulnerability ... the motivation?

- Wide range of threats to organisations.
- Organisations now highly dependent on their information infrastructure.
- Real-time threat analysis needed to cope with threats.



Understanding Risk



What is ... a threat ... a risk ... a vulnerability ... the motivation?

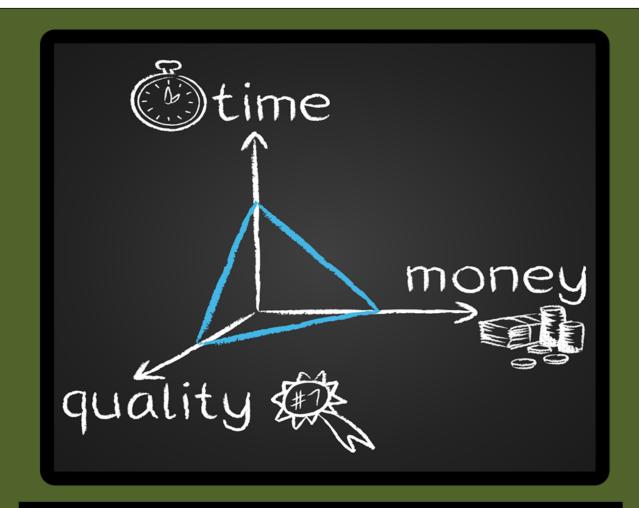
- Risk Taxonomy/Ontology required within the organisation.
- Business and Technical staff struggle to communicate on risk.





Get two risk management experts in a room, one financial and the other IT, and they will NOT be able to discuss risk. Each has different context ... different vocabularies, definitions, metrics, processes and standards (Woloch, 2006)





A Threat to Society and Organisations

A cause or a fight?

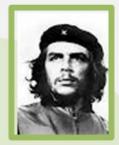


Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

- One person's freedom fighter is another's terrorist.
- One person's cause is another person's fight.

Martin Luther King



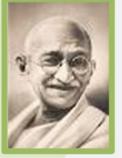


Che Guevara



Dalai Lama





Mahatma Gandhi



Benito Mussolini



Adolf Hitler



Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

- Attacks against an organisation for political reasons.
- Who?
- Why?
- Where?
- When?

2012

- Anonymous focus on India on censorship.
- Virgin Broadband over PirateBay block.
- SOCA (Serious and Organised Crime Agency) over arrests, also Norwegian Lottery and Bild.
- Home Office sites over Gary McKinnon case.

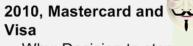
2009. Climate Research Unit of East Anglia University

Why: Emails published showed conspiracy to suppress data that contradicted their conclusions on global warming (Russian FTP server)



2011, HBGary

Why: HBGary were going after Anonymous Reward: Emails published, Web site defaced.



- Why: Decision to stop processing payments to the whistle-blowing site Wikileaks,
- Result: DDoS attacks on Visa, Mastercard, om.nl and politie.nl

Organisation

2010, Australian Government.

Why: Australian
Government's attempt to
filter the Internet.



Risk?

2012. Department of Justice and the FBI. Denial of service attack

2011, Tunisian government websites

- Why: Censorship of the Wikileaks documents
- Result: DDoS attacks against sites. Some Tounisians assisting in these attacks.

2011. Sony's PlayStation Network.

- Why: Sony were suing Geohotz, who jailbroke the PlayStation 3.
- Result: Afterwards, a group of hackers claimed to have 2.2 million credit card numbers from PSN users for sale



Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

- Attacks against an organisation for political reasons.
- Who?
- Why?
- · Where?
- When?

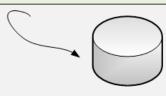


HBGary Federal CEO Aaron Barr to unmasked Anonymous with a list HBGary contacts with NSA, Interpol, McAfee, and many others



Hbgaryfederal used CMS and comprised by:

http://www.hbgaryfederal.com/pages.php?pageNav=2&page=27



Username, passwords (stored as hash values), email database



Passwords broken by Rainbow tables



"martin12"

CEO Aaron Barr and COO Ted Vera had weak passwords (six characters and two numbers) which were easily broken

Passwords found for CEO and COO



Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

- Attacks against an organisation for political reasons.
- Who?
- Why?
- Where?
- When?



"ranger12"
"martin12"

CEO Aaron Barr and COO Ted Vera used the same password for a range of systems: Twitter, email, Linked in, and so on.







Support.hbgary.com



Remote login to support.hbgary.com from Ted Vera's account



Flaw exploited in system to escalate privilege

Gigabytes of research and backup data

Aaron was a System
Administrator for their Gmail
Apps Hbgary account



Complete control of company email



Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

- Use strong passwords.
- Never re-use passwords (30% of users do).
- · Patch systems.
- Watch out for social engineering.
- Beware of unchecked Web sites.
- Get an SLA from your Cloud provider.
- Don't store emails in the Cloud.
- · Restrict access from outside.





Now for another site owned by Greg Hoglund, owner of HBGary

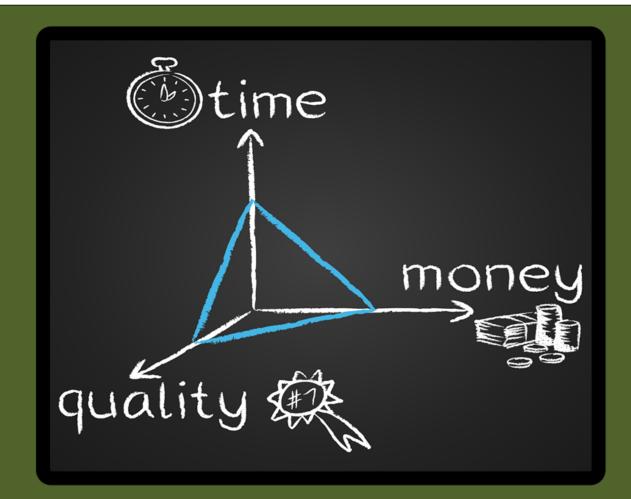
Social Engineering ... to gain root password for Greg's site







Web site taken offline and user registration database published

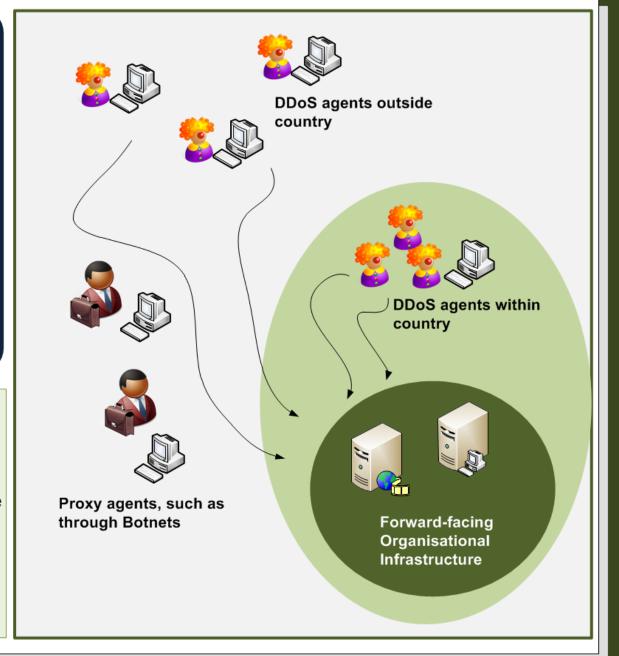


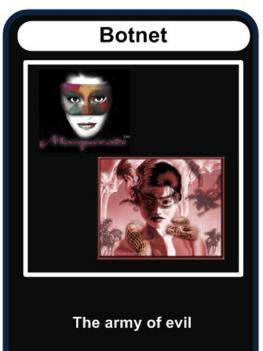
Denial-of-Service and Botnets

Distributed Threats

Denial of Service Who? ... Why? ... Where? ... When?

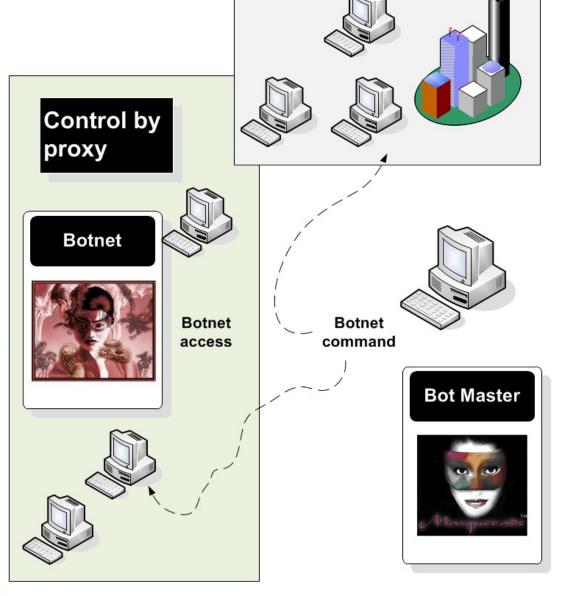
- DDoS is difficult to defend against.
- Agents often exist outside the country.
- Agents often use proxy agents to perform attack.

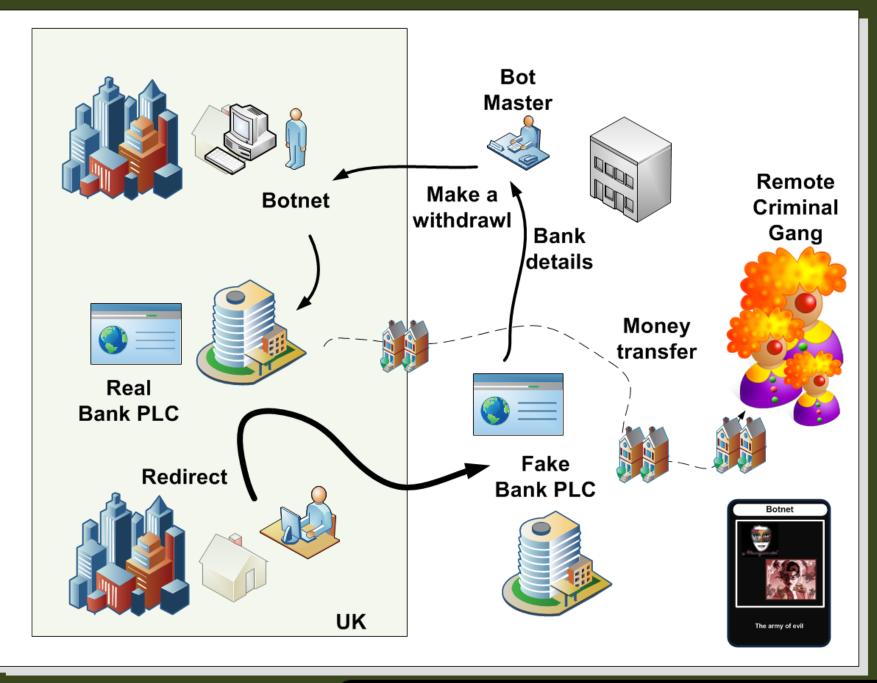


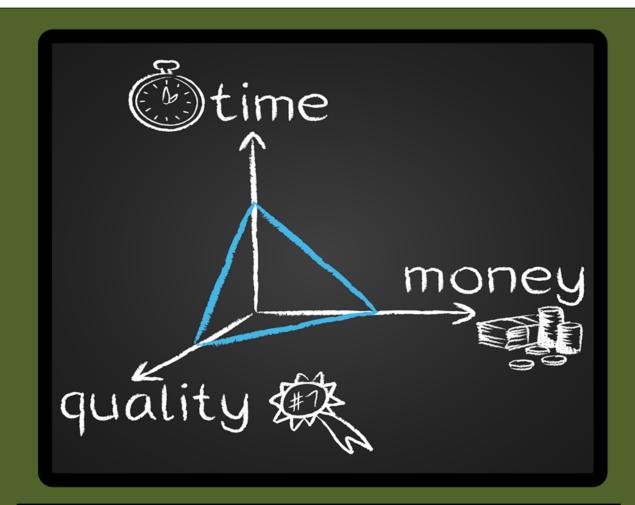


A study of Torpig over 10 days found:

- 180,000 infections and gathered over 70 GB of data.
- More than 1.2 million IP addresses which contacted the command and control server.
- 8,310 accounts at 410 different institutions, included 1,770 PayPal account, with 1,660 unique credit and debit card numbers.







Social Networks and Open Source

A Real-time Threat

Social Networks



Data Leakage ... and what are people saying about us?

- Open Source Information can often lead to IP Theft.
- Threats against brands and organisations can occur within short time intervals.

Twitter and Facebook

- Company profile.
- IP Leakage.



"XYZ Sucks" Sites

- Bad reputation.
- IP Leakage.

Blogging

Bad sentiment against brands and organisations.



Poor Affiliate Selling

- Bad reputation.
- Fraud.

Google Hacks

- IP Theft.
- Company Documents.

Rallying Calls

 Fast rallying against brands/organisations.



... increasing **brand awareness** and **improving brand reputation** are often the two main objectives for social media marketing .. So beware of the flip-side ... negative sentiment.





D: e-Perception

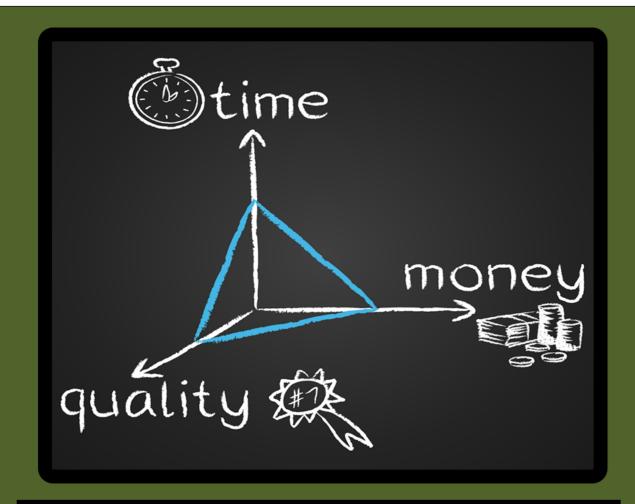
- Twitter activity.
- . Semantics of external activity.
- Bulletin board activity.
- · Blogging activity.
- Geographical presence analysis.

Analysis:

- Twitter Feed rate.
- Semantic Analysis (+2 foreclosure, loss, attack. fraud
 ⊗; +1 bad/won't, -1 good, help, kind -2 ☺ .
- · Retweeting activity.
- · Geographical Analysis.
- Weigthing factors for key domain players (eg BBC).







Cloud and Data Leakage

Where's my Documents?

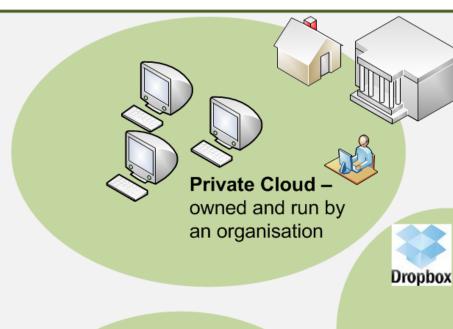
Clouds



Where is my data? Where is my servers? Where are my people?

Can I be compliant with statutory and regulatory requirements?

- Where is my data stored?
- Who handles breach notifications?
- How long is my data stored for?
- · How is eDiscovery handled?



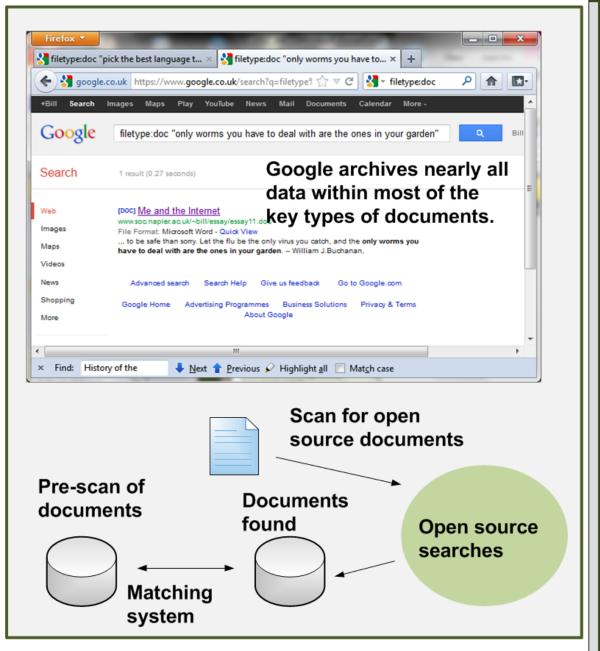


Public Cloud – owned by an organisation selling a cloud infrastructure





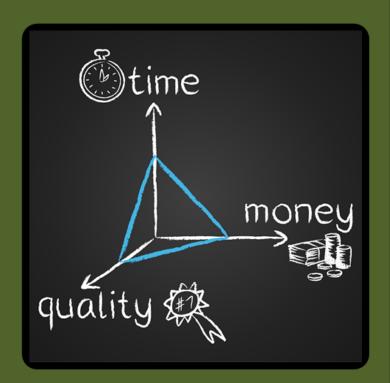
- Document markings are important.
- Proactive methods required for scanning open source.
- Watermarking required.
- Scanning of on-site documents required to match and documents found.



New Threats

Motivation: What are the new threats?

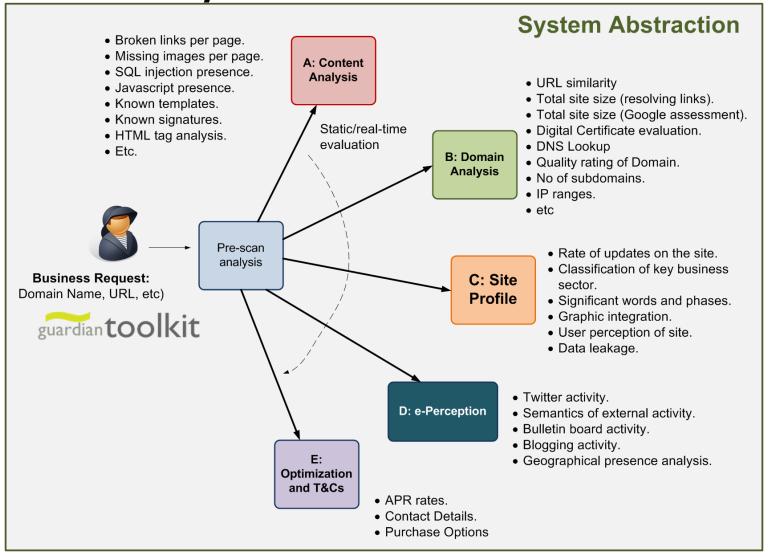
- Risks.
- Hacktivism.
- Denial-of-Service and Botnets.
- Social Networks and Brand Awareness.
- Cloud.



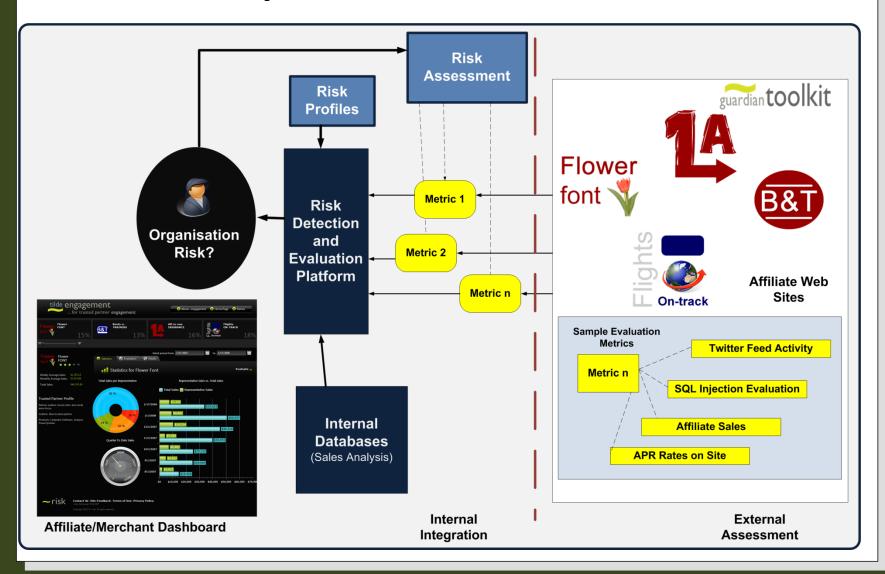
Prof Bill Buchanan,

Edinburgh Napier University

System Abstraction



System Overview



Our Risk Model

