

For Notre-Dame du Haut

Composed by Tree Burton

For soprano, bass flute, cello and singing bowls

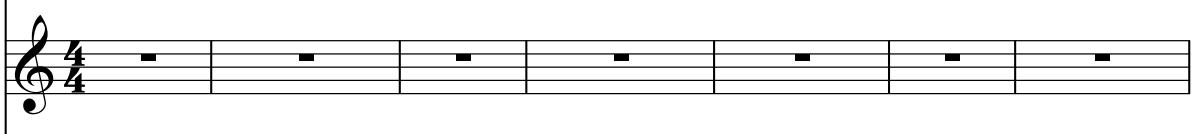
First performed at the Chapel of Notre-Dame du Haut, 29 July 2023

section 1

final

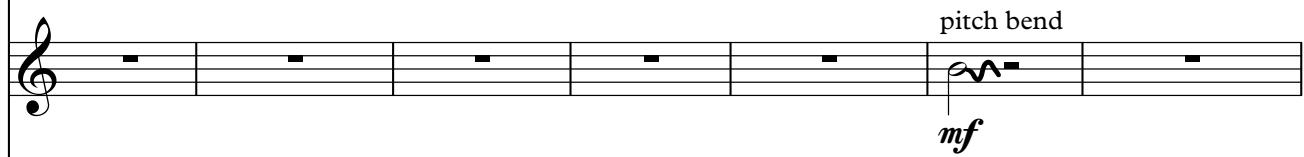
$\text{♩} = 60$

Soprano 

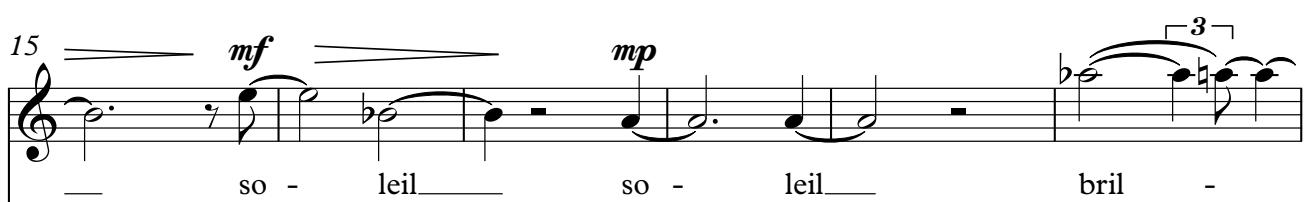
Bass Flute 

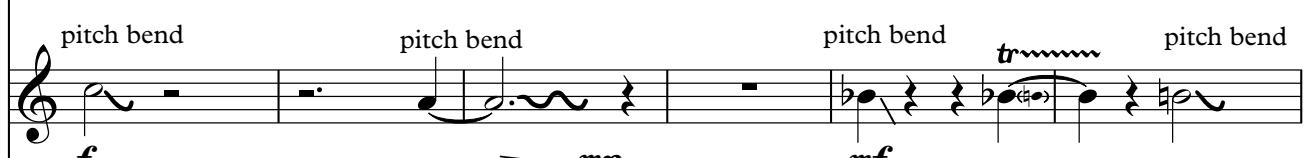
Singing Bowl 

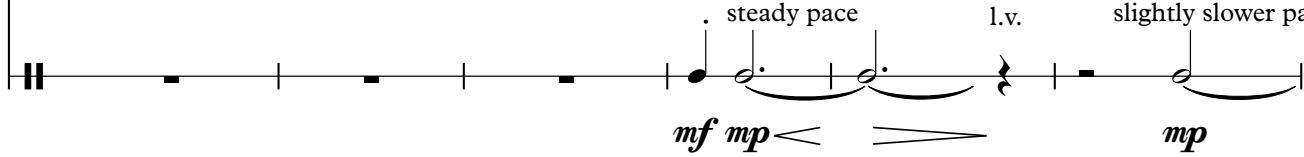
S. 

B. Fl. 

S.B. 

S. 

B. Fl. 

S.B. 

21

S. lan - te m
pitch bend to front of west wall face the altar tr rit. pitch bend

B. Fl. >mp <> f

S.B. l.v. very slow gradual accel. moderate pace rit. l.v.

p <> **mp**

28

S. ma - rie ma - rie p
to centre of chapel face the altar ribattimento

B. Fl. moderate pace quite gentle

S.B. l.v.

mp <> **mf** > **p**

33

S. so - leil
pitch bend ribattimento * to altar

B. Fl. mf

S.B. gentle repeated strokes steady pace gradual accel.

mp <> **mf** <> **3** <> **mp**

*freely explore pitches (including microtones) from G 1/4 b to G 3/4 #

37

S. *f* *mf*

so - leil ma - - rie mm

B. Fl. arrive at altar lazy, uneven trill

S.B. slight rit. steady pace l.v. to altar and cello

mf *p*

42

S. walk down stairs

B. Fl. rubato , *tr* pitch bend

f *mf* *f*

46

B. Fl. (*slow start*) *tr* *tr*

>mp *mf* *f*

49

B. Fl. *tr* *mf* *f*

setion 2

final

A

chance 'reading' of 'stars' (uniform dynamic across all parts)

$\text{♩} = 60$

Soprano

Bass Flute

Violoncello

S.

B. Fl.

Vc.

B Repeat freely. Individually vary the tempo and duration but retain the order of notes. Replace any pitch with microtone, semitone or tone either side of given pitch.

x 2

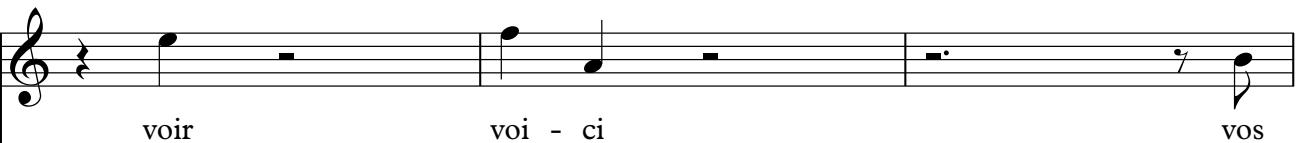
S. B. Fl. Vc.

C As 'B' but now substitute any pitch for a percussive effect (e.g., slap tongue, Jet, tongue click, mouth click, finger click, snap pizz, hit body of instrument).

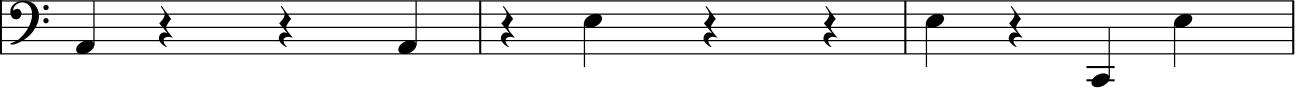
x 3

S. B. Fl. Vc.

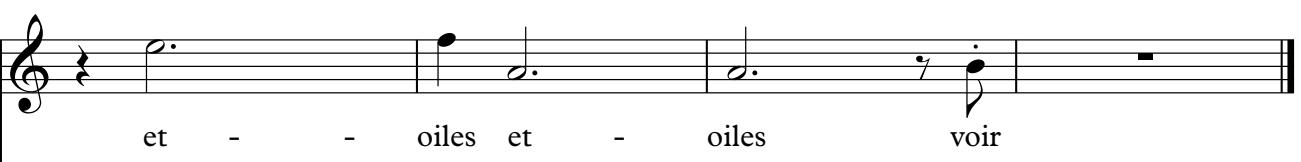
D

S. 

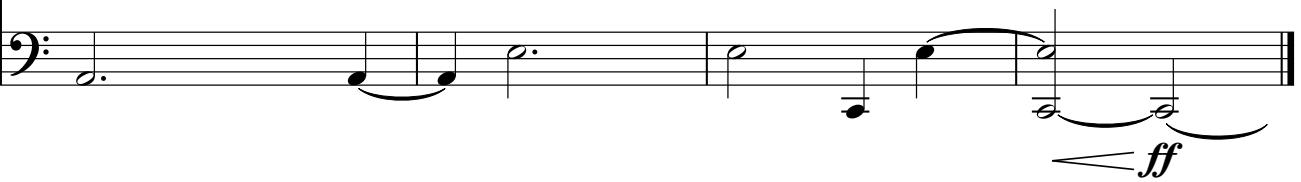
B. Fl. 

Vc. 

E

S. 

B. Fl. 

Vc. 

section 3

final

$\text{♩} = 60$

Soprano: * *mf* *p*

Bass Flute: *mf*

Violoncello: *mf*

l' es - pace

* Aim for a dynamic balance across the three parts.

6

S. *mf*

B. Fl. (bisbigl.) *tr* *f* *p* *mf*

Vc. no vib → ord. vib *mp* < *mf* *mf* *f*

* tremolando between the open string and harmonic

11

S. **p**
- ci - ble cho - re - graph *gliss.*

B. Fl. *(bisbigl.) tr* *mf ff* *to singing bowl*

Vc. *(sul G)* *(sul D)* *(sul D)* *gliss.* *mf*
>mf

15
S. *mf* *gliss.* *p* *mf*
ie du lum____ i ere____ lum____

S.B. *'singing' **

Vc. *'dancing' **

* strive for dynamic balance between all parts

freely fluctuate in pitch around A4
not too large a register

19

S. lu - mi mi - ere - mi - lu mi - ere ere - mi - ere lu -

S.B. l.v.

Vc. V.S.

Detailed description: The musical score is for three instruments: Soprano (S.), Bassoon (S.B.), and Cello (Vc.). The Soprano part (S.) is in treble clef and consists of six measures. The first measure has two eighth notes followed by a fermata. The second measure has three eighth notes grouped by a bracket labeled '3'. The third measure has three eighth notes grouped by a bracket labeled '3'. The fourth measure has three eighth notes grouped by a bracket labeled '3'. The fifth measure has three eighth notes grouped by a bracket labeled '3'. The sixth measure has three eighth notes grouped by a bracket labeled '3'. The Bassoon part (S.B.) starts with a double bar line, followed by a bassoon symbol, a grace note, and a sustained note. This is followed by a fermata and a vertical bar. The Cello part (Vc.) starts with a bass clef, followed by a bassoon symbol, a grace note, and a sustained note. This is followed by a fermata and a vertical bar. The vocal line includes lyrics: 'lu - mi', 'mi - ere - mi - lu', 'mi - ere ere -', 'mi - ere', and 'lu -'. The bassoon and cello parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and grace notes.

register opens up
freely leap around E4-E5

S. 21 3 5 3 3

mi - ere - mi- ere e - e - lum e - e i ere i lum cho-re-graph-ie

S.B. 'singing' *

Vc. (sul D) **

* do not expect an entry on the downbeat, just enter as soon as is comfortable after the page turn
 ** tremolando between the open string and harmonic

pitches as written but intonation does not need to be exact
lazy slides

S. 23 cho - re - cho - re - graph - ie du - lum - i - i - ere du -

S.B. l.v. to bass flute

Vc.

freely choose vowel sounds
pitched more freely around C5 but with some leaps

25

S.

lum - i - ere

B. Fl.

Vc.

(sul D) *

* freely alternate between double stop and single open string/harmonic

S.

B. Fl.

(bisbigl.)

Vc.

29

S.

(tr)

slap tongue

*

(sul D)

Vc.

* tremolando between the open string and harmonic

31 more precise pitch and rhythm

S.

B. Fl.

Vc.

34

S.

B. Fl. *drumming key clicks (ad lib)*

f

Vc.

37

S.

* (continue freely exploring vowels)

B. Fl.

Vc. *fluctuating, lazy trill* *(ord. vib.)*

* Listen to each other and aim for a dynamic balance, with some swells where it feels appropriate.

41

S.

S.B.

'singing'

B. Fl.

Vc.

to singing bowl

freely determine the range and intensity of dynamic swells
occasionally slide to Db and back to C

walk to evening chapel

47

S.

ah

S.B.

Vc.

51

S.

S.B.

Vc.

l.v.

*

* Freely alternate between double stop trem, single open D and single harmonic. Move between harmonics on the G and D strings. Introduce light, gentle glissandi as and when feels appropriate